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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/707,445	11/06/2000	Gilbert M. Aust	A31-2047RE	9717
75	90 10/08/2002			
Tarolli Sundheim Covell Tummino & Szabo LLP 1111 Leader Building 526 Superior Avenue			EXAMINER	
			THALER, MICHAEL H	
Cleveland, OH 44114-1400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3731	
			DATE MAILED: 10/08/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.





Office Action Summary

Application No. **09/707,445**

Applicant(s)

Examiner Michael Thaler

Art Unit **3731**

Aust et al.

			<u> </u>			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet with the corres	pondence address			
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.						
mailing	 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. 					
- If NO po - Failure t - Any rep	eriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the eriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply a to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the sylverectived by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the statut term estimates. See 27 CER 1.704(b).	and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S	ng date of this communication. S.C. § 133).			
Status	patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Aug 27, 2	2002				
		tion is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
_		ic/ore	a conding in the application			
	Claim(s) <u>1-7, 10, and 11</u>					
	a) Of the above, claim(s)					
5) 💢	Claim(s) 1, 2, and 4		is/are allowed.			
6) 💢	Claim(s) 3, 5-7, 10, and 11		is/are rejected.			
7) 🗆	Claim(s)		is/are objected to.			
8) 🗆	Claims	are subject to restric	ction and/or election requirement.			
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)□	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) approved	b) \square disapproved by the Examiner.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) □ All b) □ Some* c) □ None of:						
1	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2	2. \square Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
*See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).						
a) \square The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.						
15) ☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
_	tice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summery (PTO-413) Paper				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 6) Other:						
3) [Into	ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	6) Other:				



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Claims 3, 5-7, 10 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ryan et al. (5,285,795). Ryan et al. show a surgical system comprising stem section (e.g. 24) extending from a handle (at the proximal end of stem section 24), cutting tool 22 including a cutter 40, a hollow articulated section 78 a drive shaft 90, 86 having a flexible portion 86 and actuator means 110, 112, 94, 96 including first and second elongated elements 94, 96. Ryan et al., in this embodiment, disclose the cutter and drive shaft as being longitudinally reciprocal rather than rotatable. However, it is well known in the surgical instrument art that surgical cutters within elongated tubular members may be either rotatable or longitudinally reciprocal. In fact, Ryan et al. discloses in col. 1, lines 7-15 that a related application, which is incorporated therein by reference, includes a rotary cutting One of the self-evident advantages of a rotatable cutter over a longitudinally reciprocal cutter is that the cutter and drive shaft does not undergo abrupt changes in directions at each stroke which could wear out parts. Making the Ryan et al. cutter and drive shaft rotatable rather than longitudinally reciprocal would have been obvious for these reasons. Although Ryan et al. disclose using the actuator to bend the cannula 24 while the probe is not present therein, and then inserting the probe into the bent cannula, the Ryan et al. apparatus, with no modification in structure, is inherently capable of being used in a different





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manner, i.e., by first inserting the probe into the cannula and then using actuator to bend the cannula 24 with the probe therein. Since the claims are drawn to the apparatus rather than the method of using the apparatus, the rejection is proper. Alternatively, it certainly would have been obvious to bend the Ryan et al. cannula 24 and probe therein by the actuator in order to fine tune the orientation of the probe in the body if the cannula and probe were not initially oriented perfectly in the body. As to claims 5, 7, 11, although the passage 48 of Ryan et al. is disclosed as being used to conduct fluid and tissue from the cutter to the handle, this passage, with no modification, is inherently capable of conducting fluid in the opposite direction, from the handle towards the cutter by for example connecting the proximal end of the passage to a source of irrigating fluid. Since the source of irrigating fluid is not part of the claimed combination, it is not necessary for the prior art to show this feature.

Claims 1, 2 and 4 are allowed.

Applicant's arguments filed August 27, 2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for the reasons set forth above.





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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Thaler whose telephone number is (703) 308-2981. The examiner can normally be reached Monday to Friday.

mht
October 3, 2002
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MICHAEL THALER PRIMARY EXAMINER ART UNIT 3731